

CLAT 2017

Common Law Admission Test is conducted every year by one of the National Law Universities (NLUs) in rotation. The organising NLU is chosen one among those in CLAT committee by the year of their establishments. The CLAT committee currently comprises 18 NLUs including Maharashtra National Law University (MNLU) Nagpur.

1. NLSIU- Bangalore	2. NALSAR-Hyderabad	3. NLIU- Bhopal
4. WBNUJS-Kolkata	5. NLUJ- Jodhpur	6. HNLU-Raipur
7. HNLU-Raipur	8. GNLU- Gandhinagar	9. RMLNLU-Lucknow
10. RGNUL- Patiala	11. CNLU- Patna	12. NUALS- Kochi
13. NLUO- Cuttack	14. NUSRL- Ranchi	15. NLUJAA-Guwahati
16. DSNLU- Visakhapatnam	17. TNNLS--Tiruchirappall	

Brief about the CLAT 2017

Exam name – Common Law Admission Test (CLAT)

Exam type – Undergraduate and Postgraduate

Exam level – National

Exam mode – Online

Conducting authority – [Chanakya National Law University \(CNLU\) Patna](#)

Organising body – CLAT Committee

Total number of participating institutes – 18 NLUs

Total number of seats offered – 2252 for undergraduate programmes and 604 for postgraduate programmes

Number of test takers – 40000 (approximately) for UG programmes and 5500 (approximately) for postgraduate programmes

Important Dates - CLAT 2017

<i>Events</i>	<i>Important dates</i>
Exam notification	December 25, 2016
Application form begins	January 1, 2017

Application form ends	March 31, 2017
Issue of admit card	Third week of April 2017
Conduct of online examination	May 14, 2017
Declaration of result and score card	May 25, 2017
Counselling and seat allotment	May 29 - June 25, 2017

CLAT Eligibility Criteria 2017

Candidates need to go through eligibility criteria of CLAT 2017 as specified by the law examination committee. Knowing CLAT eligibility conditions are important because these are the defined prerequisite norms for appearing in the law examination. CLAT 2017 eligibility criteria mentions minimum academic qualifications and marks percentage along with the age bar for applying for the law programmes. Following the common eligibility criteria of CLAT 2017, candidates applying for UG law programmes need to qualify 12th board examination (Intermediate examination) of 10+2 educational system, scoring at least 45% marks in the aggregate of subjects studied at 10+2 level. Continuing with the common criteria, those who are applying for postgraduate programmes need to have an LL.B degree with a minimum score of 55% marks in the final year of law degree examination. Moreover, those applying for five-year undergraduate programmes through CLAT 2017 need to be equal to or less than 20 years of age, as per the [new change in admission policy after a BCI order](#).

CLAT Application Form 2017

CNLU Patna will begin application form of CLAT 2017 from January 1 aspirants can fill CLAT 2017 online application form only after registering themselves for the common law admission test. CLAT 2017 registrations can be done by providing a valid e-mail id and mobile number. The online applications of CLAT 2017 can be filled after logging into the application form window through CLAT 2017 registered account and password. Candidates will also need to pay an application fee of Rs. 4000 before submitting the form. CLAT 2017 application form needs to be filled before the last date, i.e., March 31, 2017; otherwise no applications will be entertained thereafter.

CLAT Syllabus 2017

Candidates need to check syllabus of CLAT 2017 as it'll help them in preparing for the law entrance exam. CLAT 2017 syllabus mentions important sections and their topics. With CLAT syllabus, candidates will be able to know which topics should be focussed more and the unimportant topics that should be left out. The exam syllabus of CLAT mentions topics from different sections – English & Comprehension, General Knowledge & Current Affairs, Elementary Mathematics, Legal Aptitude and Logical Reasoning.

CLAT Exam Pattern 2017

As per the exam pattern of CLAT 2017, candidates can find table below for subject-wise distribution of questions–

<i>S.No</i>	<i>Subjects</i>	<i>Number of questions</i>	<i>Allotted marks</i>
1.	Legal Aptitude	50	50

2.	Logical Reasoning	40	40
3.	English including Comprehension	40	40
4.	General Knowledge and Current Affairs	50	50
5.	Elementary Mathematics with Numerical Ability	20	20

CLAT Exam Centres 2017

CLAT exam centres

The table below mentions the exam cities where [CLAT 2017](#) is expected to be conducted.

Testing Locations/ Exam Cities of CLAT 2017

<i>S.No</i>	<i>CLAT 2017 exam centres</i>	<i>State/ Union Territory</i>
1.	Agra	Uttar Pradesh
2.	Ahmedabad	Gujarat
3.	Allahabad	Uttar Pradesh
4.	Amritsar	Punjab
5.	Bangalore	Karnataka
6.	Barabanki	Uttar Pradesh
7.	Bardang	Sikkim
8.	Bhopal	Madhya Pradesh
9.	Bhubaneswar	Orissa
10.	Bilaspur	Chhattisgarh
11.	Chandigarh	Punjab
12.	Chennai	Tamil Nadu
13.	Coimbatore	Tamil Nadu
14.	Cuttack	Orissa
15.	Dehradun	Uttarakhand
16.	Delhi	Delhi
17.	Faridabad	Haryana
18.	Gandhinagar	Gujarat
19.	Gangtok	Sikkim
20.	Ghaziabad	Uttar Pradesh
21.	Gorakhpur	Uttar Pradesh
22.	Greater Noida	Uttar Pradesh
23.	Gurgaon	Haryana
24.	Guwahati	Assam
25.	Haldwani	Uttarakhand
26.	Hisar	Haryana
27.	Hyderabad	Telangana
28.	Imphal	Manipur
29.	Indore	Madhya Pradesh
30.	Jaipur	Rajasthan
31.	Jalandhar	Punjab

32.	Jammu	Jammu and Kashmir
33.	Jamshedpur	Jharkhand
34.	Jodhpur	Rajasthan
35.	Kangra	Himachal Pradesh
36.	Kanpur	Uttar Pradesh
37.	Kochi	Kerala
38.	Kolkata	West Bengal
39.	Kota	Rajasthan
40.	Kurukshetra	Haryana
40.	Lucknow	Uttar Pradesh
41.	Madurai	Tamil Nadu
42.	Mohali	Punjab
43.	Mumbai	Maharashtra
44.	Muzzafarpur	Bihar
45.	Mysore	Karnataka
46.	Nagpur	Maharashtra
47.	Nainital	Uttarakhand
48.	Navi Mumbai	Maharashtra
49.	Noida	Uttar Pradesh
50.	Patiala	Punjab
51.	Patna	Bihar
52.	Pune	Maharashtra
53.	Raipur	Chhattisgarh
54.	Ranchi	Jharkhand
55.	Shillong	Meghalaya
56.	Shimla	Himachal Pradesh
57.	Srinagar	Jammu and Kashmir
58.	Thiruvananthapuram	Kerala
59.	Tiruchirapalli	Tamil Nadu
60.	Unnao	Uttar Pradesh
61.	Varanasi	Uttar Pradesh
62.	Vijayawada	Andhra Pradesh
63.	Vishakhapatnam	Andhra Pradesh

[CLAT Cut off 2017](#)

The examination committee will be announcing cut off of CLAT 2017 after issuing merit lists. CLAT 2017 cut off is regarded as maximum rank secured by a candidate to be offered admission in the NLU's. The CLAT cut off will be determined by the exam committee in accordance with the result and merit list of the admission test. CLAT 2017 cut off will also depend on various factors including total number of test takers, minimum marks, maximum marks and admitting seats. Candidates will be allowed to participate in the admission counselling, only if they meet CLAT cut off 2017.

CLAT Cut off

<i>NLU</i> s	<i>CLAT cut off*</i>
National Law School of India University, Bangalore	58
National Academy of Legal Studies and Research, Hyderabad	123
West Bengal National University of Judicial Sciences, Kolkata	221
National Law Institute University, Bhopal	339
National Law University, Jodhpur	347
Gujarat National Law University, Gandhinagar	465
Hidayatullah National Law University, Raipur	555
Ram Manohar Lohiya National Law University, Lucknow	626
Rajiv Gandhi National Law University, Patiala	759
Chanakya National Law University, Patna	911

CLAT Seats and Reservation 2017

The Common Law Admission Test is conducted for offering admissions to as many as 2352 seats in the undergraduate law programmes and 604 postgraduate programme seats. The admission committee follows government policy for reservation of CLAT seats. While some of the NLU's have seats reserved for candidates possessing state domicile, each of them have the other seats reserved for the distinctive categories—Other Backward Class (OBC), Scheduled Caste (SC) and Scheduled Tribes (ST). Find below the percentage of seats reserved for the categories.

1. OBC – 27 per cent of total seats
2. SC – 15 per cent of total seats
3. ST – 7.5 per cent of total seats

To Know More Visit : www.clat.ac.in

Write at helpdesk.clatexams@gmail.com

Or Call :Toll free Number: 1800 – 1200 – 711

Tolled Number- +91 – 522 – 65-67-111